zu folgendem Vortrag wird herzlich eingeladen:

Computational modelling of active tissues

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In the present work a new concept for the modelling of skeletal muscles is proposed. An important aspect is the fact that the concept is micromechanically motivated. At the level of the contractile muscle fibres we incorporate the behaviour of the smallest possible unit, the so-called sarcomere, also known as microbiological engine. In doing so, a generalised anisotropic hyperelastic constitutive model in combination with a micromechanically based muscle activation is used to describe the contraction behaviour of skeletal muscle tissue. In contrast to earlier approaches the model is not an additive composition of active and passive parts but contains an activation dependent parameter that controls both, contraction and force development. By this means, we are able to describe the behaviour of skeletal muscle in a realistic way. The predictive features of the model will be demonstrated through the simulation of skeletal muscles. First, some general studies are used to demonstrate the capability of the new concept. Then, we apply the modelling concept to real muscle structures. In conclusion, the present study has the advantage that a three-dimensional model is available which allows us to take into account many physiological processes at the micro level.

Seminar 05. Mai 2010 15:30h HS 44-465

SD:

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